



Basic Flag Football Coaching Strategies & Tips

Flag Football Fanatics

Tailor these concepts to your specific age group

- ♦ Get positive yards on 1st down
- Try to rush at least one player on defense
- Or Teach defensive man to man principles
- Or Break the habit of flag guarding early
- Emphasize that flag football is a non contact sport
- ◊ Try to implement some type of motion in your offensive sets
- ◊ Try to have at least 3 offensive plays in place before 1st game
- ♦ Since teams consist of only 10 players or less try to get into a substitution cycle

Coaching Responsibilities

- ◊ Call parents (not email) parents within 24 hours of receiving your roster
- ♦ You are responsible to have contact information/waivers of all players at each game/practice
- ◊ It is important to be punctual, remember we are role models for our children
- ♦ Maintain a positive attitude
- ◊ Make it fun

-Regardless of whether it's a game or a practice, football at the youth level should always be Fun.

◊ Limit Standing Around

-This is a common problem with youth sports that ultimately turns kids off. Whether it's a game, practice, clinic, or camp, we have designed all of our programs to engage every participant consistently. Kids don't attend practice to watch others play. Kids enjoy practices when they have fun and they experience an improvement in their overall skills. Many professional coaches put a major emphasis on fast paced and interactive practices that eliminate downtime.

♦ Everyone Plays at least 1/2 the game

-Football at the youth level should be an inclusive experience. The youth level of football should be an equal learning experience for everyone, whether it's a game or a practice. A coach is a teacher. A teacher/coach's job is to raise the level of learning and skills of not only the most talented, but for everyone on the team, starting with the least talented. The NFL philosophy eliminates first, second, and third strings in both games and at practice.

◊ Yell Encouragement, Whisper Constructive Criticism

-Keep it positive. As a youth football coach you should never tolerate negative comments from your players, parents, coaching staff, and especially yourself. Kids realize when they have made mistakes. What they don't need is to have that mistake compounded by negative feedback and comments. What they do need is feedback on how to correct the mistake supported by positive encouragement.





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Basic Rules by Division

◊ Micro Minis: PreK

- -STRICTLY INSTRUCTIONAL
- -Children will rotate after each play on offense and defense to ensure they play every position
- -Substitutions on Offense: Center goes to QB, QB goes to RB, RB sits out after the play
- -After every player on offense receives a touch, teams will swap
- -Defense will have (5) kids on the field and 4-yards back from offense center.
- -Offense will have (3) kids on the field
- -Please emphasize the Center-QB and QB-RB exchanges
- -Games will be played on 1/2 of our traditional flag football field

◊ Mini : Grades K-1st

- -Interceptions cannot be returned
- -QB cannot run unless he/she receives a handoff, lateral, or pitch behind the line of scrimmage
- -Defensive rusher has the right away to the QB
- -Rusher must be 9 yards off the line of scrimmage for Mini's
- -Rusher must go for QB's flag during rush
- -Teams will have 4 downs to achieve either a first down
- -The No-Run Zones are not in effect for this age division
- -Whenever a lateral, pitch, or handoff occurs the 9 yard rush line is no longer in effect
- -Two coaches are permitted on the field for both the offensive and defensive teams

◊ Junior: Grades 2-3rd

- -Interceptions cannot be returned
- -No blocking or screening or any kind
- -QB cannot run unless he/she receives a handoff, lateral, or pitch behind the line of scrimmage
- -Defensive rusher has the right away to the QB
- -Rusher must be 7 yards off the line of scrimmage for JR's
- -Rusher must go for QB's flag during rush
- -Teams will have 4 downs to achieve either a first down
- -No-Run Zones are located 4 yards prior to a first down or a TD
- -Whenever a lateral, pitch, or handoff occurs the 7 yard rush line is no longer in effect
- -One coach is permitted on the field for both the offensive and defensive teams

◊ Senior & Varisty: Grades 4-7th

- -Interceptions cannot be returned & No blocking or screening or any kind
- -Teams will have <u>3 downs</u> to achieve either a first down or a TD
- -QB cannot run unless he/she receives a handoff, lateral or pitch behind the line of scrimmage
- -Defensive rusher has the right away to the QB
- -Rusher must be 7 yards off the line of scrimmage
- -Rusher must go for QB's flag during rush
- -No-Run Zones are located 4 yards prior to a first down or a TD
- -Whenever a lateral, pitch, or handoff occurs the 7 yard rush line is no longer in effect
- -One coach is permitted on the field for both the offensive and defensive teams





Drills courtesy of NFL Canada

Drill #1: Warm-Up Drill: "Jingle-Jangle" This is a good way to begin practice. After a short stretching period this drill gets players loose and warmed up, while also helping them practice their agility and footwork.

Drill #2: Centre QB Exchange Purpose: To develop proper snapping technique. This is a relay race. The quarterback and centre on each team start the race.

Drill #3: Passing Drill: Progressive QB This drill helps refine and improve passing technique by concentrating on proper arm and hand movement.

Drill #4: Passing Purpose: To develop proper passing technique. Participants pass the football back and forth to their partner.

Drill #5: Individual Pass Patterns Learn about the Yard Curl, Yard Out, Yard Post, Post Corner, Streak and the Yard Smash

Drill #6: Passing and Receiving: Run & Shoot This drill helps players understand simple passing routes, from the perspective of both quarterback and receiver.

Drill #7: Passing & Receiving Purpose: To develop running, passing, and receiving skills. This is a relay race. The object is for QB 1 to pass to WR 1, who has run to cone (A) to catch the ball.

Drill #8: Passing & Receiving Purpose: For a WR to find an open area in order to catch a pass. The object is for the QB's to pass the football around until an opportunity arises to throw the football to the WR.

Drill #9: Passing & Receiving Purpose: To develop proper pass patterns and defensive skills. The WR snaps the football to the QB and the WR runs a 5-yard "out" pattern. The cones are set out to indicate direction.

Drill #10: Passing & Receiving Purpose: To develop proper receiving and passing skills. Teach participants how to spread out and use the entire field.

Drill #11: Pass Pattern Combinations Learn about the Streak Out, Streak Curl, Post Out, Corner Smash, Curl Post Corner and the Twin Curl.

Drill #12: Tosses Purpose: To develop proper tosses or pitches. Set out a 20 x 20-yard area. Divide teams into even groups and place players opposite each other across the line about 5 yards apart.





Drill #13: Running with the Ball Purpose: To develop running skills. This is a relay race between teams. The first participant in each line has a football and will run with the football around each cone and then come back to the beginning of his/her line.

Drill #14: Running with the Ball Purpose: To develop running skills and avoid having the flag pulled. Relay race between teams. Drill is completed when all RBs have run through the mini end zone once.

Drill #15: Running with the Ball Purpose: To develop running skills and avoid having the flag pulled. Pair players up – one as a RB and one as a DB. The DB is in back of the RB and chasing the RB from behind.

Drill #16: Defense Purpose: To develop defensive back skills. The object is for the RB to run along the line of scrimmage and select an area between the cones to run through.

Drill #17: Defense Purpose: To develop running skills and avoid the DB. Also teaches RBs to run to an open area. The object is for the RBs to run past the DBs to the opposite end zone without getting their flags pulled.

Drill #18: Defense Purpose: To develop the defensive skills of pulling the flag and following a WR. This is a mirror drill. Players must "mirror" and stay with the player lined up across from them.

Drill #19: Defense Purpose: To develop defensive skills of backpedaling and pulling the flag. Pair up kids – one group is WRs, the other DBs. Each DB will backpedal and "mirror" the WR. All players will start in slow motion on the instructor's command.

Drill #20: NFL Ultimate Purpose: To develop awareness and feel for the flag football concept. The concept is for the team with the football to pass the ball to teammates without dropping the ball, all the while moving the ball toward the end zone.







Drill #1: Warm-Up Drill Jingle-Jangle

This is a good way to begin practice. After a short stretching period, this drill gets players loose and warmed up, while also helping them practice their agility and footwork.

Developmental Goals:

Improve balance, footwork, and change of direction.

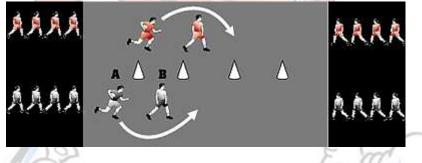
Drill Outline:

Place cones at corners of 15-yard square. Line up players at one corner of square. Players then:

- 1. Sprint to first cone
- 2. Side-step to second cone
- 3. Backpedal to third cone
- 4. Sprint back to beginning of line.

Throw a football to each player as he or she finishes the drill. Repeat drill to other side after everyone has had a turn.

Drill#2: Center QB exchange



Developmental Goals: To develop proper snapping technique.

Set Up: Set out a 20 x 20-yard area. Divide teams into even groups and place in even lines. Place cones in middle of drill four yards apart. One football per team; the entire class can participate.

Drill Outline:

This is a relay race.

The quarterback (A) and centre (B) on each team start the race.

The centre (B) snaps directly to the QB (A). The centre will stand still while the QB runs to the next cone.

The previous (A) snaps to (B), then (B) snaps to (A) and so on, until course is completed.

The race is continued until each participant gets a turn.

Progression: Shotgun snaps.

Key Coaching Points:

Center must place the ball on the ground before snapping.





Drill #3: Passing Drill: Progressive QB

This drill helps refine and improve passing technique by concentrating on proper arm and hand movement.

Developmental Goals:

Perfect throwing motion while using only the throwing arm.

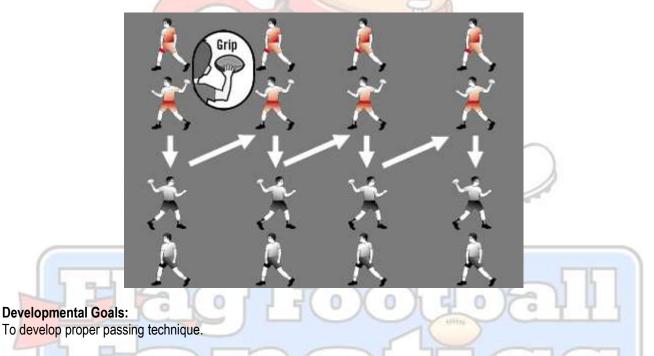
Set Up:

Pair off participants into two parallel lines. Players start on both knees, throwing to their partners five yards away. Show players how to follow through with their arm, so that their thumbs end up pointing down. Have each player begin with football held above his or her waist. Demonstrate how to throw from no higher than their ear.

Progressions:

After several throws, have players switch to kneeling on right knee. Then after several throws that way, have them switch to left knee. Next, have them throw standing up with feet together. Finally, have them practice a three-step drop, then a five-step drop before throwing.

Drill #4: Passing



Set Up: Set out a 20 x 20-yard area. Divide teams into even groups and place players opposite from each other about 3 yards apart. The entire class can participate if there are enough footballs. With a limited amount of footballs, place students behind each other and have them wait for a turn or pass the footballs available in a zig-zag pattern. (Shown above.)

Drill Outline:

Participants pass the football back and forth to their partner.

Progression:

Begin with the participants on both knees facing each other.

Kids throwing from their knees will focus on the throwing motion without the use of their legs.

Progress to right knee up and then switch to left knee up.

Next, have players stand straight up and pass with feet apart.

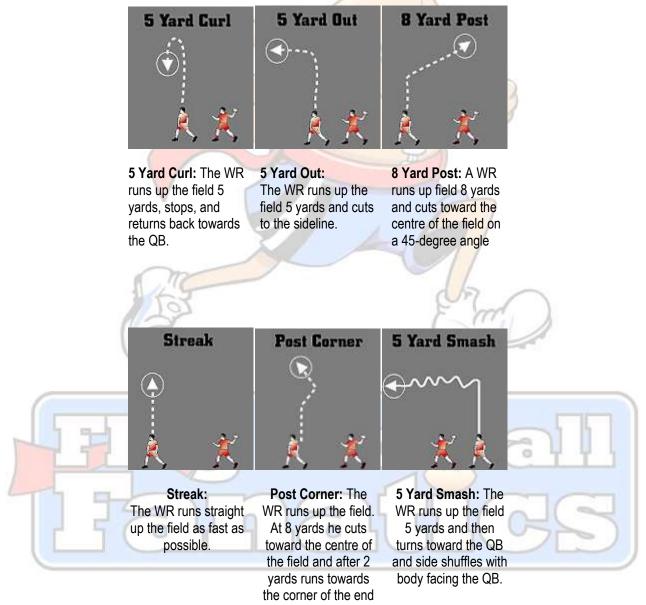




Key Coaching Points:

Passing motion is the same as throwing a baseball, javelin, or handball. The hand without the football points to the target or the receiver. Make sure kids follow through on their throws. Point - step - throw. The receiver forms a target with both hands, palms facing out with thumbs and pointing fingers touching. The receiver's fingers should form a triangle.

Drill #5: Passing Patterns









Drill #6: Passing and Receiving; Run & Shoot

This drill helps players understand simple passing routes, from the perspective of both quarterback and receiver.

Development Goals: Passers:

Accuracy and how to lead receivers

Receivers:

How to run pass routes

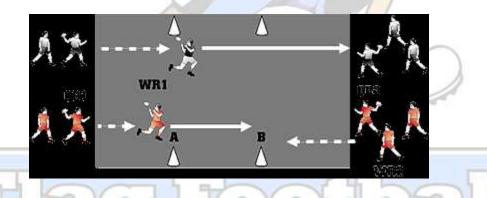
Defensive Backs:

How to watch receivers and cut to the ball.

Set Up:

Divide your team into three groups. The first player in line is the first passer; the second goes out to play defensive back; the third is the receiver. The outside groups run simple 10-yard square-out patterns, while the middle group runs 10-yard turn-ins or buttonhooks. Rotate each line this way: After passing, the quarterback becomes the next receiver; the next player in line becomes the passer; the first receiver becomes the defensive back; and the first defensive back moves on to the next group. Make sure players get chances at all three positions.

Drill #7: Passing & Receiving



Purpose:

To develop running, passing, and receiving skills.

Organization:

Set out a 20 x 20-yard area and divide the team into even groups. Set cones 5 yards from each end line and 10 yards apart. Each team requires one football so the entire class can participate.

Drill Outline:

This is a relay race.

The object is for QB 1 to pass to WR 1, who has run to cone (A)to catch the ball.

The second participant in line is WR 2.

WR 2 runs to cone (B) and repeats the drill.

The drill is repeated until every participant has a turn.

If the ball is dropped, the WR picks it up and continues with the drill.

Key Coaching Points:

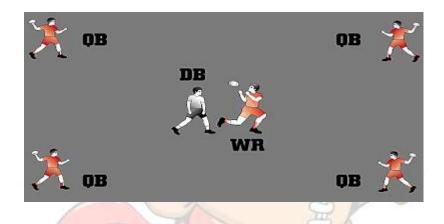
WR must stop and completely turn around giving the QB a big target.





WR must give a solid handoff to the QB when returning to line. After each relay race, a WR becomes the new QB.

Drill #8: Passing & Receiving



Purpose:

For a WR to find an open area in order to catch a pass.

Organization:

Set out a 10 x 10-yard area. Divide the players into groups of six, five players on offense and a single player on defense. Station four players in the corners of the area and a lone receiver, shadowed by a defender inside the area. This can be duplicated to allow full participation for entire class. One football is needed per group.

Drill Outline:

The object is for the QB's to pass the football around until an opportunity arises to throw the football to the WR. The length of the drill is 30 seconds. Six points are awarded for each reception and the defense is awarded three points for an interception.

Either switch to a whole new group of players at QB, WR, and DB. Or, switch kids on the field into new positions or bring new kids into game.

Progression:

Lower drill time to (20) seconds in length. Add an additional DB to the field. If the football is intercepted, put the QB who threw the interception on defense.

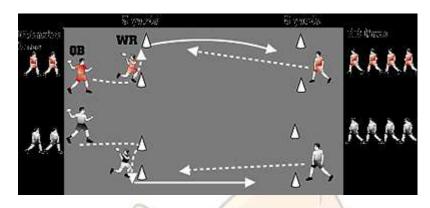
Key Coaching Points:

How WR and QB communicate. Defenders should focus on WR hips not shoulders.

Drill #9: Passing & Receiving







Purpose:

To develop proper pass patterns and defensive skills.

Organization: Set out a 20 x 20-yard area and place two sets of cones on either end of the drill, 5 yards off the end line. Divide into two equal teams. One half of each team starts on offense, the other half starts on defense. Each team has a football. Use the entire class in one drill.

Drill Outline:

The WR snaps the football to the QB and the WR runs a 5-yard "out" pattern. The cones are set out to indicate direction. When the ball is snapped, the DB runs to the area where the WR will try to catch the football.

If a catch is made, the WR must then try to run past the DB and score without having his/her flag pulled.

The WR then goes to the end of the DB line and the DB goes to end of the offensive line on their own team.

The WR will give the football to the DB after the drill. The DB will hand the football to the QB in the DB's new line.

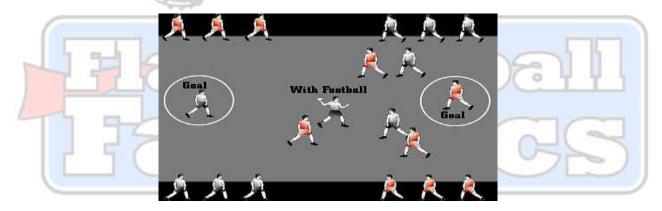
6 points are awarded for each TD. The coach keeps score.

Key Coaching Points:

QB passes to where the WR will be at end of his/her pattern. WR looks back for football when he makes the turn to the second cone.

DB watches WR's hips for any fakes, not the shoulders or head.

Drill #10: Passing & Receiving



Purpose:

To develop proper receiving and passing skills. Teach participants how to spread out and use the entire field.

Organization:

Set out a 40 x 40-yard area. Divide teams into even groups and place players opposite each other across the field. The entire class can participate.





Drill Outline:

Eight to ten participants start on the field, the remaining players stand on the sidelines.

This game concept and playing area is similar to basketball, but without the baskets or dribbling.

The ball starts with one player at the center of the field.

The object is to throw the football to a teammate in the circle or goal.

The player with the ball has to pass to his/her teammates inside the game or can get assistance from teammates on the sidelines.

The player with the ball can only take two steps, similar to basketball. The players in the playing area without the ball are free to move around.

The ball must be passed within 10 seconds or the other team gets possession of the ball.

The idea is to try to knock down or intercept a pass. If the ball is dropped or intercepted, the team on defense is awarded possession of the football.

6 points are awarded each time the ball is passed to a player in the goal area. The player in the goal cannot leave that area.

Key Coaching Points:

Stress the importance of spreading out and being in position to receive a pass from a teammate. In a game situation, the offense has an advantage when there is more room to move.

Drill #11: Pass Pattern Combinations



Streak Out: #1 WR runs a 5-yard out toward the sideline and WR #2 runs a streak.



Streak Curl: #1 WR runs a streak and #2 WR runs a 5 vard-curl inside.



Post Out: WR #1 runs a post and WR #2 runs a 5-yard out.



Corner Smash: WR #1 runs a corner and WR #2 runs a 5-yard smash. **Curl Post Corner:** WR #1 runs a 5-yard curl and WR #2 runs a post.

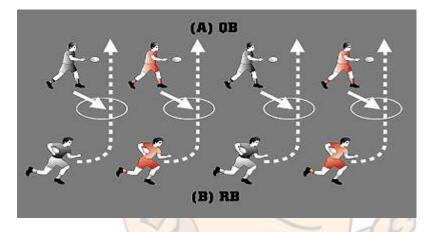
Twin Curl: WR #1 and WR #2 both run 5-yard curls. This play is used in short-yardage situations.

*On all these patterns, #1 is an option if #2 is covered, and vice versa.





Drill # 12: Tossing the Ball



Purpose:

To develop proper tosses or pitches.

Organization:

Set out a 20 x 20-yard area. Divide teams into even groups and place players opposite each other across the line about 5 yards apart. Players on Team A are the quarterbacks. The players on the B team are running backs. They will switch positions after each turn. Footballs for each pair are recommended and the entire class can participate if space permits.

Drill Outline:

The QBs will have their backs to the RBs.

The first several practices, the instructor will call the cadence, "SET GO." The instructor will then choose a QB to call out the cadence.

Each QB holds the football in front of them with their knees bent and their feet apart.

On the QB's "SET GO" the RB moves to the right to take the pitch from the QB at a distance of 3-5 yards.

The first time through the drill, have players move in slow motion to get the feel of the drill.

Switch positions; the QBs are now RBs and vice versa.

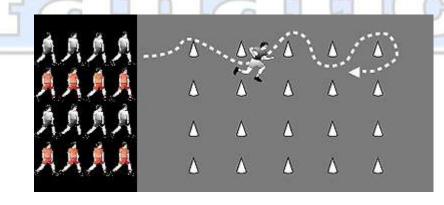
The players now run half speed through the drill to the left.

The players switch positions again and run through the drill at full speed.

Key Coaching Points:

The QB will look at the stomach area of the RB when making the pitch it to that area. The toss or pitch is similar to passing in Rugby.

Drill #13: Running the Ball







Purpose:

To develop running skills.

Organization:

Set out a 20 x 20-yard area. Cones are set 8 yards apart to simulate a mini-end zone. One ball per team. The entire class can participate. If cones are limited, use t-shirts, shoes, or tape on the floor as markers.

Drill Outline:

This is a relay race between teams.

The first participant in each line has a football and will run with the football around each cone and then come back to the beginning of his/her line.

When the participant returns to the line, they will hand off to the next participant at the front of the line, then go to the back of the team's line.

The race is won by the first team to have each participant complete the race.

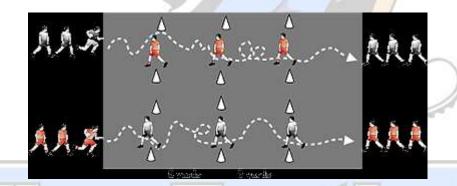
Progression:

Have players backpedal or hop over the cones.

Key Coaching Points:

Player switches arms carrying the football, with the football always carried in the arm nearest the sideline. Players cut on their outside foot, not crossing their legs over when they go around a cone.

Drill #14: Running the Ball



Purpose:

To develop running skills and avoid having the flag pulled.

Organization:

Set out a 40 x 40-yard area. Place cones 8 yards apart to simulate a mini-end zone; one ball per team. The entire class can participate in one drill, or duplicate the cone set-up if space permits.

Drill Outline:

Relay race between teams. Drill is completed when all RBs have run through the mini end zone once.

There are 3 mini-end zones for the RB to run through.

Offensive team has to play against the other team's defense.

RB has to run through three mini-end zones and avoid the defenders in each.

The DB attempts to pull the RB flag and stop him/her from scoring.

DB's are awarded 3 points for each flag pulled. Points are counted after the race.

The RB is awarded 6 points for each successful TD.

The RB must run directly to the end of the line after handing off the football to a teammate on the other side of the drill. Offensive and defensive players are switched after each relay race is completed.





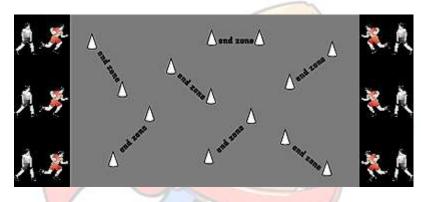
If both RBs flags are removed before reaching the last DB, the RBs run back to the next RB in line and hands off the ball.

Key Coaching Points:

RB plays with head up.

DB watches the movement of RB's hips, not the head or shoulders.

Drill #15: Running the Ball



Purpose:

To develop running skills and avoid having the flag pulled.

Organization:

Set out a 40 x 40-yard area. Place cones 2 yards apart to simulate a mini-end zone. Recommended for six pairs of players, the maximum number of kids is 20. If cones are not available, marks on the ground or floor, t-shirts, or tape can be used. Balls are optional.

Drill Outline:

Pair players up - one as a RB and one as a DB. The DB is in back of the RB and chasing the RB from behind. RB's should carry a football (if available).

Each RB starts off on the end line at either side of the playing area.

The DBs start 5 yards behind the RBs.

On the coach's whistle, the RBs attempt to cross through the mini-end zones without getting their flags pulled by the pursuing DBs.

The DB must chase the RB.

Both flags are pulled, RB is out. If one flag pulled, the RB keeps going.

Any end zone can be crossed and there is no order in which the end zones have to be crossed. The drill lasts 45 seconds and then you switch RB's to DB and DB's to RB.

Progression:

Shorten time to 30 seconds.

Key Coaching Points:

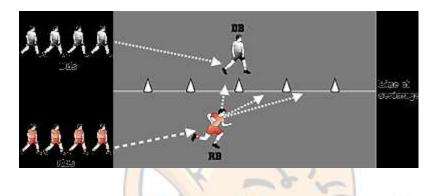
RBs run plays with their heads up.

DB watches the movement of RB's hips, not his/her head or shoulders.





Drill #16: Defense



Purpose:

To develop defensive back skills.

Organization:

Set out a 10 x 20-yard area. Place the cones five yards apart. One football is needed. The entire class can participate in this drill which, can be duplicated for more players if space permits.

Drill Outline:

The object is for the RB to run along the line of scrimmage and select an area between the cones to run through. RB starts with the football. On coach's signal, RB begins running. The DB must mirror the RB and attempt to capture the RB's flag before the RB selects a hole between the cones.

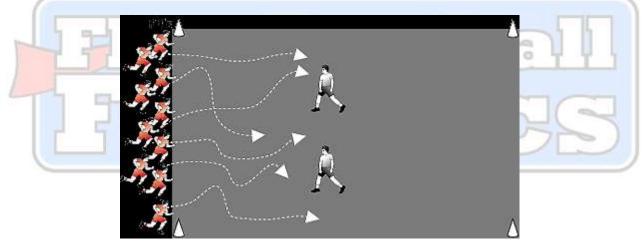
This drill simulates making a one-on-one flag capture. Progression: Progress to two defensive players.

Key Coaching Points:

RB must keep head up and the football firmly tucked away. DB must keep shoulders square and head and eyes looking upfield. DB watches the RB's hips.



Drill #17: Defense



Purpose:

To develop running skills and avoid the DB. Also teaches RBs to run to an open area.





Organization:

Set out a 20 x 20-yard area. 10 players start at one end zone, each with a football (if available). Two DBs are stationed in the middle of the field.

Drill Outline:

The object is for the RBs to run past the DBs to the opposite end zone without getting their flags pulled.

If a RB has his/her flag pulled, he/she sits out.

Stop the drill after RBs reach the opposite end zone. Identify kids with pulled flags and allow players to catch their breath.

The drill continues then by changing direction until there is one RB remaining.

Progression:

Instead a RB sitting out after his/her flag is pulled, have him switch to a DB and assist in pulling other RB's flags.

Key Coaching Points:

DBs should run to where the RB is going, not to where they are. Watch RB's waist, not his/her head or shoulders.

Drill #18: Defense



Purpose:

To develop the defensive skills of pulling the flag and following a WR.

Organization:

Set out a 20 x 20-yard area. Pair up 10-12 participants. The coach gives each team a name. The entire class can play, or duplicate drill if space permits.

Drill Outline:

This is a mirror drill.

Players must "mirror" and stay with the player lined up across from them.

When the coach calls out a team name, that team becomes the offense and tries to score in the defensive team's end zone. A score is worth 6 points.

If a player has his/her flag pulled they are out for that one drill.

Defensive players can go after other offensive players if they have pulled the flag of their partner.

Offensive players have 45 seconds to score. Each score is worth 6 points.

Progression:

Coach will lower the time limit to 30 seconds. Coach keeps track of offensive player scores and subtracts 3 points for players who had their flags pulled.

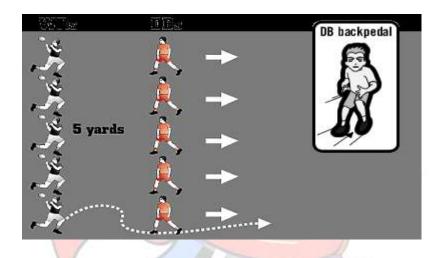




Key Coaching Points:

DB practices staying in front of offensive player.

Drill #19: Defense



Purpose:

To develop defensive skills of backpedaling and pulling the flag.

Organization:

Set out a 20 x 20-yard area. Pair up 10-12 participants or as many as space allows.

Drill Outline:

Pair up kids - one group is WRs, the other DBs.

Each DB will backpedal and "mirror" the WR. All players will start in slow motion on the instructor's command. Switch, making WRs play as DBs. Progress to half speed.

Switch positions again. Now go to full speed. On the instructor's whistle, the WRs will try to run past the DBs, who are backpedaling.

During the drill, the instructor calls out "GO", the DB is now allowed to pull the flag of the WR who is still running for the end zone.

The "GO" simulates the WR catching the football.

Progression:

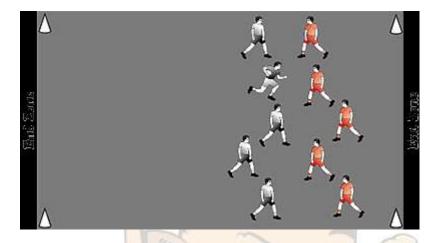
The coach will pass a football to an open offensive player when "GO" is called.

Key Coaching Points: DB stays in front of offensive player. DB watches WR's waist and hips.





Drill #20: NFL Ultimate



Purpose:

To develop an awareness and feel for the flag football concept.

Organization:

Set out a 20 x 40-yard area. Pair up 10 participants. Rotate players, or duplicate the drill if space permits.

Drill Outline:

The concept is for the team with the football to pass the ball to teammates without dropping the ball, all the while moving the ball toward the end zone.

The player with the football has 10 seconds to pass or pitch the ball to a teammate.

The ball can be passed or pitched forward, sideways, or backwards.

The player with the ball can only take 2 steps after catching the ball.

The offensive players without the ball can move anywhere on the field.

The ball always has to be passed toward the end zone - 6 points are awarded for a touchdown.

After a touchdown, the team that was on defense switches to offense and takes possession of the ball on their own 5 yard line.

If the ball is dropped or intercepted, play continues with the other team in possession of the ball from the point of the turnover.

Each defensive player must stay at arms length from the player with the ball. The defensive play is similar to that of basketball.

Key Coaching Points:

WRs must work to get open and not bunch up.





Warm-Ups: Stretches & Line Drills

Stretches:

Form lines of 10 with one coach in charge of each line. Make sure that the line is straight with the older kids at the front of the line. Assign one of the older kids to a captain for that line. They are to assist you in keeping their line straight and paying attention.

- 1.15 Jumping Jacks
- 2. Stand with legs together and touch the ground for a count of 15
- 3. Stand with legs spread and touch your right foot for a count of 15
- 4. Stand with legs spread and touch your left foot for a count of 15
- 5. Stand with legs spread and touch the center for a count of 15
- 6. Sit and with feet together Butterflys for a count of 15
- 7. Sit with legs spread and touch your right foot for a count of 15
- 8. Sit with legs spread and touch your left foot for a count of 15
- 9. Sit with legs spread and touch the center for a count of 15
- 10. 15 Sit Ups
- 11. 15 Push Ups

Line Drills:

With existing lines already formed, have cones lined up approx. 20 yards apart.

- 12. Knee Highs
- 13. Rear Kicks
- 14. Shuffle Left
- 15. Shuffle Right
- 16. Cherokee
- 17. Back Petal
- 18. Bear Crawl
- 19. Crab Walk
- 20. 50% Run
- 21. Full Sprint







Play Calling: Basic Formations (5 on 5)

